**World History**

**Unit 4: *World War II***

**Major Battles and Campaigns**

**30 pts.**

1. World War II begin on September 1, 1939 when the Germans invaded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Poland
3. Britain
4. France
5. Czechslovakia
6. All of the following states were invaded by the Soviet Union in the winter of 1939-40 EXCEPT:
7. Estonia
8. Latvia
9. Lithuania
10. Hungary
11. Which of the following lines of defense did the French believe would protect them against Nazi forces in 1940?
12. the Hindenburg Line
13. Hadrian’s Wall
14. the Maginot Line
15. the Berlin Wall
16. The *sitzkreig* or “phony war” of the early part of 1940 was followed by the Nazi invasion in April 1940 of
17. Britain
18. the Soviet Union
19. Norway and Denmark
20. France
21. Which of the following countries, though defeated, was given a huge morale boost with its heroic rescue of 300,000 men at the Battle of Dunkirk?
22. France
23. Britain
24. The Netherlands
25. Belgium
26. Which of the following countries fell to the Nazi’s on June 22,1940 after a little more than a month of fighting? After its fall the Nazi’s controlled the northern part of the country and a puppet state known as “Vichy” was set up in the south.
27. Belgium
28. Britain
29. the Netherlands
30. France
31. Operation Sea Lion was the planned Nazi invasion of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
32. the Netherlands
33. France
34. Britain
35. Denmark
36. All of the following were characteristics of the Battle of Britain EXCEPT:
37. intense air raids (57 nights in a row)
38. London was severely damaged
39. the population of London sought shelter in the underground and in crypts
40. Germany overtook control of shipping lanes in the English Channel
41. Edwin Rommel “the Desert Fox” was successful in pushing back the British army in
42. Germany
43. Italy
44. Greece
45. North Africa
46. Which of the following countries was responsible for the defeat of both Greece and Yugoslavia in 1940?
47. Germany
48. Italy
49. Japan
50. Bulgaria
51. Hitler’s Operation Barbarossa was aimed at conquering \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
52. Poland
53. France
54. The United States
55. The Soviet Union (Russia)
56. Which of the following cities underwent a deadly two and a half year siege beginning in September 1941 at the hands of the Germans during Operation Barbarossa?
57. Moscow
58. Leningrad
59. Kiev
60. Stalingrad
61. Which of the following countries advanced into French Indochina and the Dutch East Indies in 1940?
62. Germany
63. Japan
64. China
65. The United States
66. The leader of Japan’s extreme militarist was
67. Emperor Hirohito
68. Tojo Hideki
69. Herman Goering
70. Charlses de Gaulle
71. On December 7, 1941 the Japanese launched a surprise attack on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
72. Pearl Harbor
73. Hong Kong
74. San Diego
75. Los Angeles
76. All of the following were areas conquered by the Japanese during the early years of World War II EXCEPT:
77. Hong Kong
78. Philippines
79. Burma
80. Hawaii
81. Which of the following naval battles is seen as the first serious setback for the Japanese navy in the Pacific theater?
82. Battle of Midway
83. Battle of Guadalcanal
84. Battle of the Coral Sea
85. Battle of Tarawa
86. Which of the following time periods best marks the turning point in the war for the Allies?
87. 1940-1941
88. 1941-1942
89. 1942-1943
90. 1944-1945
91. After which of the following battles was Japan not able to launch any type of offensive operations?
92. Coral Sea
93. Midway
94. Guadalcanal
95. Tarawa
96. At the Battle of El Alamein the Allies stopped the advance of the Germans in
97. Italy
98. North Africa
99. France
100. Greece
101. Once the Allies secured North Africa they then moved on this country in 1943-1944.
102. Germany
103. Italy
104. Bulgaria
105. Spain
106. Which of the following battles occurred due to Hitler’s desire to control the oil fields of southern Russia?
107. Leningrad
108. Moscow
109. St. Petersburg
110. Stalingrad
111. On June 6, 1944 the Allies launched their invasion of Western Europe, Operation Overlord, also known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
112. D-Day
113. V-E Day
114. V-J Day
115. X-Day
116. The last major German offensive of the Western theater was stopped in a month long battle known as the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
117. the Bulge
118. Paris
119. Liege
120. Berlin
121. The last major battle in Europe, which ultimately secured V-E Day, was the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
122. Paris
123. Liege
124. Berlin
125. The Bulge
126. Which of the following countries fought an island-hopping campaign to take back the Pacific from Japan?
127. England
128. the Soviet Union
129. China
130. the United States
131. General Douglas MacArthur led American forces in recapturing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
132. Midway
133. Okinawa
134. Burma
135. the Philippines
136. The American plan to build an atomic bomb was code-named the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
137. Philadelphia Experiment
138. Manhattan Project
139. Verona Project
140. Paris Experiment
141. World War II ended when the United States dropped atomic bombs on the cities of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
142. Hiroshima and Tokyo
143. Hiroshima and Nagasaki
144. Nagasaki and Tokyo
145. Nagasaki and Kobe