**World History**

**Unit 1: *Enlightenment Thought***

**Part B: PDA – Selective Response**

**40 pts.**

1. Which of the following quotes **best** emphasizes Locke’s main argument in his *Essay Concerning Human Understanding?*
2. “sensory experience is the best way to learn”
3. “human cognition is not open to interpretation”
4. “human beings are born without innate knowledge”
5. “learning is best done by doing, never through contemplation”
6. To which of the following individuals’ work was Locke’s *Essay* an antithesis?
7. Descartes
8. Rousseau
9. Montesquieu
10. Wollstonecraft
11. Which of the following passages in Locke’s *Two Treatises* best exemplifies the concept of the social contract?
12. “A man…cannot subject himself to the arbitrary power of another..”
13. “no arbitrary power over the life, liberty, or possession of another”
14. “power, in the utmost bounds of it, is limited to the public good of society”
15. “for the preservation of himself…(he) can give up to the common-wealth”

*“Their power, in the utmost bounds of it, is limited to the public good of the society. It is a power, that hath no other end but preservation, and therefore can never have a right to destroy, enslave, or designedly to impoverish the subjects.”*

1. The quote above describes the power of
2. society.
3. the Church.
4. the government.
5. the common man.
6. Which of the following **best explains** the central point of the *Spirit of the Laws*?
7. All men are created equal and should be represented as such under law.
8. Society has the right to overthrow a corrupt and non-representative government.
9. Government should be divided into branches and be checked so that no one branch becomes too powerful.
10. All opinions within a given society should be heard so that political liberty and freedom remain and safety endures.
11. According to Montesquieu, why can there be “no liberty” when the legislative and executive powers are united in the same person?
12. Tyrannical laws might be passed/enacted.
13. The voice of the people (representation) might be lost.
14. War and cruel punishment would be made without respect to the people.
15. He would not listen to the judges and their interpretation of the laws.
16. Which of the following **best characterizes** the General Will as defined/used by Rousseau in the *Social Contract*?
17. Government officials should do what they think is best for society.
18. The vested power given to the government by the people of a state/society.
19. Those aspects of a society which come together to form the social strata.
20. The belief that the body politic should be subservient to the state and its ruler.
21. Based on the document, Mary Wollstonecraft believed that
22. strength of mind and character should be the greatest variable when determining the role of women in society.
23. physical strength was the greatest factor in gauging one’s ability to rule.
24. women should always be socially/politically inferior to men.
25. society as it was should not be changed or altered.